

## **Common Course Outline for: PHYS 1110 College Physics 1**

### **A. Course Description**

1. Number of credits: 4
2. Lecture hours per week: 3  
Lab hours per week: 2
3. Prerequisites: MATH 1110 College Algebra (C or higher)
4. Co-requisites: None
5. MnTC Goals: Goal 3 Natural Science

This is the first semester of a two semester sequence of non-calculus, introductory physics. This course uses College Algebra. Topics include kinematics, dynamics, gravitation, momentum, energy, heat, and fluids.

### **B. Date last revised: April 2017**

### **C. Outline of Major Content Areas**

Kinematics, dynamics, gravitation, momentum, energy, heat, and fluids.

### **D. Course Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Demonstrate an understanding of scientific theories and principles by: (2a, 2b, 2c, 3a)
  - a. Stating and applying the fundamental laws and concepts relating to the course topics.
  - b. Identifying which physical laws and principles are appropriate for the solution of physics problems relating to various applications.
  - c. Using the appropriate physical laws and principles and College Algebra concepts and techniques to develop the mathematical expressions required to solve physics problems; solving those mathematical expressions.
  - d. Using the terminology of physics correctly.
2. Formulate and test hypotheses by: (2a, 2b, 2c, 3b)
  - a. Performing laboratory, simulation, or field experiments.
  - b. Collecting data and analyzing it statistically and graphically.
  - c. Identifying sources of error and uncertainty.
  - d. Estimating the magnitude of error and uncertainty in data.
  - e. Using appropriate software to perform experiments and analyze data.
3. Communicate experimental findings, analysis, and interpretations by: (2a, 2b, 2c, 3c)
  - a. Presenting laboratory results orally.
  - b. Orally explaining analysis and interpretations of laboratory results and relating the results to physics concepts and theories.
  - c. Presenting written reports that interpret laboratory results and relate them to physics concepts and theories.

**E. Methods for Assessing Student Learning:** Assessment methods are at the discretion of the instructor and may include written and/or oral reports, homework, projects, quizzes, exams, and a final exam.

**F. Special Information:** Basic geometry, the Pythagorean Theorem, and right triangle trigonometry are reviewed and used in this course. This course is *not* recommended for pre-engineering, math, computer science, or physical science majors.