APA Format for List of References

APA (American Psychological Association) is most commonly used to cite sources within the social sciences. Examples of references for some of the more common document types, based on the APA’s Publication Manual, 6th ed, 2010, are listed below. Consult the Publication Manual at the Reference Desk for further examples of other document types. The reference list should be double-spaced throughout. Begin each entry flush with the left margin and Indent subsequent line(s) five spaces. Italics are used rather than underlining in the 6th edition of the Publication Manual. Remember that all references cited in the text must be listed alphabetically by the first author’s last name in the list of references. If author is unknown, alphabetize by the title.

PRINT SOURCES

BOOKS

**Single Author:**

*Citation in text:* (Bernstein, 2001)

**Book by More than One Author:**

*Citation in text:* (Okuda & Miller, 1993)

**Editor or Editors:**

*Citation in text:* (Ehrenreich & Ehrenreich, 1971)

**Edition Other Than the First:**

*Citation in text:* (Helfer, Keme & Drugman, 1997)

**A Work in an Anthology or Chapter in a Book:**

*Citation in text:* (Rubenstein, 1997)

**No author Identified:**

*Citation in text:* (Experimental psychology, 1938)
**Encyclopedia:**

*Citation in text:* (Bergman, 1993)

**Articles in Reference Works:**

*Citation in text:* (Procyonids and pandas, 1990)

**Multivolume Work:**

*Citation in text:* (Wiener, 1973)

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**MAGAZINES, JOURNALS AND NEWSPAPERS**

*Note:* *Italicize both the journal name and the volume number.* Issue numbers are not required if continuously paged. If paged individually, the issue number is required and is in regular type in parenthesis adjacent to the volume number.

**Article in a Journal Paginated by Volume:**

*Citation in text:* (Schino, 2001)

**Article in a Journal Paginated by Issue:**

*Citation in text:* (Scruton, 1996)

**Article in a Monthly Magazine:**

*Citation in text:* (Wilson, 1998)

**Article in a Weekly Magazine:**

*Citation in text:* (Raloff, 2001)

**Article in a Newspaper:**

*Citation in text:* (Anderson, 2002)
**One Author:**

*Citation in text:* (Williams, 2008)

**Two to Seven Authors [list all authors]:**

*Citation in text:* (Keller, Cusick, & Courtney, 2007)

**Eight or More Authors [List the first six authors…..and the last author]**

*Citation in text:* (Wolchik et al., 2000)

**OTHER SOURCES**

**Personal Interviews, Lectures, and Emails:**
No reference to a personal communication is provided in the list of references. You may cite the communication within the text as a personal communication.

*For example:*
*Citation in text:* (J. Smith, personal communication, August 15, 2006)

**Film and Video Recordings:**

*Citation in text:* (Capra, 1996)

**Television Broadcast:**

*Citation in text:* (Garwood, 1998)

**DVD:**

Citation in text: (American Psychological Association, 2008)

IMAGES

From a Library Database:

Citation in text: (Rousseau, 1896)

Free Web:

Citation in text: (Rousseau, 1896)

Printed source:

The plate/image number (or, if this number is not available, the page number on which the image is printed) should follow the name of the publisher as shown.

ELECTRONIC SOURCES

ONLINE MAGAZINE AND JOURNAL ARTICLES

Many scholarly publishers have been assigning unique identifiers to each published article. The DOI (Digital Object Identifier) is an alpha-numeric code registered to each scholarly article in order to assign a persistent link to the article. The DOI has replaced the database name and URL in the list of references. Because the link is to the final version, do not include a retrieval date. Since DOI numbers are complex, copy and paste DOI into the reference. APA recommends that the DOI be included for print and online citations if available.

Where do I find a DOI?

- It may be part of the citation or abstract of a record.
- It may be found on the first page of an article, especially if in pdf format.
- Use DOI Lookup (http://www.crossref.org/guestquery/).
- Cut and paste a citation into CrossRef Simple Text Query (http://www.crossref.org/SimpleTextQuery/)
- Verify a known DOI by using CrossRef DOI Resolver (http://www.crossref.org/05researchers/58doi Resolver.html)

Articles with DOI

Citation in text: (Magnavita, 2008)

**Citation in text:** (Jacobson, Mulick & Schwartz, 1995)

**Articles without a DOI**
If no DOI has been assigned, provide the home page URL of the journal, book or report publisher. If you are accessing through a database, you may need to do a web search to locate the URL. It is not necessary to include the name of the database. **There is no period at the end of a reference citation ending with a URL.**


**Citation in text:** (Francis-Smythe & Robertson, 1999)


**Citation in text:** (Senior, 1997)


**Citation in text:** (Albrecht & Danice, 2000)

**Journal article with no DOI, retrieved from an open-access URL**
If there is no DOI number, then include the URL of the journal.


**Citation in text:** (Fuegen & Endicott, 2010)

**If there is no volume, issue or page number** for an open access, online journal, then use a period after the journal title and provide additional information for locating the article in the retrieval statement.

Anders, M. (2010). Using intraday data to gauge financial market responses to Federal...

**Journal article retrieved from a difficult source to locate online via JSTOR**

**NOTE:** Some archival documents can only be found in electronic databases such as ERIC and JSTOR. When the document is not easily located through its primary publishing channels, give the home or entry page URL for the online archive or the subscription database if it is only available in that format. Note that in the example below, the article was published in 1913.


**Non-routine information in journal, retrieved online**

Non-routine information that is important to the identification and retrieval should be included in brackets after the title.


**Supplemental data that is not included in a journal article, available online**

Supplemental data may include additional figures, materials, and methods, tables, or other items that add to the topic of the article but cannot be included within the body of the article. They may include files that are not printable, such as videos or long gene sequences. The supplemental information is important to the identification and retrieval should be included in brackets after the title. For example, [Map] or [Audio podcast]


**Online Magazine Article**


http://www.sciencenews.org/20021109/fob1.asp
Citation in text: (Harder, 2002)

**Online Newspaper Article**


**OTHER ELECTRONIC SOURCES**

**Online Encyclopedia**


**Online Dictionary**

**Government Report**

Citation in text: (U. S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2003)

**Newsletter**

**Research or Technical Report from a Web Site**

Citation in text: (NAACP, n.d.)


Citation in text: (ACLU, 2007)
**Article from Web Site or E-journal**


Citation in text: (Takase, 2007)

**Television Broadcast**


Citation in text: (Crystal, 1993)

**Electronic Book from Web Site**


Citation in text: (O'Keefe, n.d.)


**Electronic Book from Database**


Citation in text: (Gates, 1999)

**Wiki**


Citation in text: (“Deferred compensation,” n.d.)

**Data Set**


Citation in text: (Pew Hispanic Center, 2004)
Blog post

Citation in text: (Kiume, 2007)

Audio podcast

Citation in text: (Green, 2006)

Video (YouTube)

Citation in text: (Norton, 2006)

WEB SITES

Entire Web Site:
If you refer to an entire Web site, you do not need to include an entry for it in your reference list, but must identify the source clearly in the text of your paper.

For example:
The Sea Turtle Restoration Project homepage presents a wealth of compelling, well-researched information on the struggle to save the world's sea turtles from extinction. (http://www.seaturtles.org).

A Specific Page within a Web Site:
You will need to include an entry in your reference list. Note: There is no period after the URL at the end of a citation.


Citation in text: (Sea Turtle Restoration Project, 2006)


Citation in text: (Federal Emergency Management Agency, 2002)